

Reduce Your Risk!" **Independent Slip Testing Services** GLOBAL PRODUCT CLASSIFICATION

## **TEST REPORT** SLIP RESISTANCE CLASSIFICATION OF **NEW PEDESTRIAN SURFACE MATERIALS**

AS 4586-2013 Appendix A - Wet Pendulum Testing

**Prepared For:** Arti Floor

**Product Description:** 2.5 Timberland, Beige, Vinyl Plank, 23x121cm

Issue Date: 30-10-2024 Page: 1 of 4

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TEST REPORT- Wet Pendulum Slip Resistance Classification (Australian Standard)

Report Prepared for:	<b>.</b>	<b>t:</b> 2 of 4 n <b>#:</b> 8005
Test Date:	29/10/2024	
Test Site:	Independent Slip Testing Services- Slip Resistance Testing Facility (Lota Headquarters QLD Australia)	
Testing Technician:	E.Benson	
Testing Instrument:	Pendulum Skid Tester with Slider 96 (4S) rubber. Reported Uncertainty for testing device: 3.0 BPN	
	Testing Instrument W1- Serial #: SK1105	

#### TESTING SPECIMEN DESCRIPTION, SIZE, COLOUR, TYPE, & COATING (if applicable)

- 1. 1x 2.5 Timberland, Beige, Vinyl Plank, Sample Size 23x121cm
- 2. 1x 2.5 Timberland, Beige, Vinyl Plank, Sample Size 23x121cm
- 3. 1x 2.5 Timberland, Beige, Vinyl Plank, Sample Size 23x121cm
- 4. 1x 2.5 Timberland, Beige, Vinyl Plank, Sample Size 23x121cm
- 1x 2.5 Timberland, Beige, Vinyl Plank, Sample Size 23x121cm 5.

Surface Condition:	Structured	Cleaning:	Tested as received	
Fixed/ Unfixed:	Unfixed	Rz Mean:	n/a	
Environmental Conditions:	Air conditioning	Air Temp:	23 Deg.C	
Direction of Test:	As indicated on underside of sample	Slope:	n/a	

INTERPRETATION OF THE WET PENDULUM RESULTS		
Classification	Pendulum mean BPN Slider 96 (4S) rubber	
Р5	>54	
Ρ4	45-54	
P3	35-44	
P2	25-34	
P1	12-24	
PO	<12	

### **TEST RESULTS (SRV)**

#1 Result:	35 BPN	Slider condition (P400):	87 BPN
#2 Result:	33 BPN	Slider condition (Lapping):	61 BPN
#3 Result:	35 BPN	Temperature adjustment:	N/A
#4 Result:	35 BPN	Carpet surface tested dry:	N/A
#5 Result:	35 BPN		

### **CLASSIFICATION**

CLASSIFICATION	SRV- PENDULUM MEAN BPN (Slider 96)
Р3	35

The mean results of the five specimens is reported (rounded to nearest whole number)

^ An individual result both below the result classification and below the mean result minus 20% shall be considered of lower classification

Maximum Slope Design Value (when dry):	N/A
Maximum Slope Design Value (when wet):	N/A

^NCC Code provides reference for ramps up to 1:8



DISCLAIMER:

DISCLAIMER: ISTS accepts no civil liability or responsibility for any actions whatsoever that may arise as a result of the tests and the publication and issue of this test report. The test report is intended for viewing purposes solely for the named recipient identified above. The slip test report remains the property of ISTS. This report contains privileged and confidential information. The unauthorised





Signatory: Mick Walton

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025 testing and calibration. NATA is a signatory to the APLAC mutual recognition arrangement for the mutual recognition of the equivalence of testing, calibration and inspection reports.

Testing was carried out using the Wet Pendulum Test Method in accordance with Australian Standard AS 4586-2013 Appendix A



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## **TEST PRODUCT IMAGE**

Product Description: 2.5 Timberland, Beige, Vinyl plank, 23x121cm

Test Date: 29-10-2024







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MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY DETAILS				
WET PENDULUM TEST METHOD DRY FRICTION TEST METHOD		1ETHOD		
Standard Material	Uncertainty (BPN)		Standard Material	Uncertainty (CoF)
P400	0.09		P400	0.05
Lapping	0.08		Lapping	0.05
1A Float	0.49			
2A Pavigres	0.11			
3A Tile	0.08			
Accredited Calibration Certifica	<i>ite</i> 3.00		Accredited Calibration Certificate	0.05
Uncertainties quoted at the 95% confidence interval, k=2				

## **END OF TEST REPORT**

Have a successful day!





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WET TEST RESULTS INTERPRETATION GUIDE (Part 1)- NATIONAL CONSTRUCTION CODE (AUSTRALIAN STANDARD)- Appendix A

	INTERPRETING WET TEST RESULTS			*
How to	interpret your wet test report			
,	Wet test results offer six possible outcomes- classification 'P0', 'P1', 'P2', 'P3', 'P4' or 'P5'.			CLASSIFIC
	The classification 'P0' reflects a lesser slip resistant surface, while 'P5' classification reflects the great	atest slip resistance		
	classification.			P5
	There are two parts to this interpretation guide- Firstly the 'National Construction Code requiremen Particular Applications' recommendations.	nts', and secondly 'Oth	er	P4 P3
I	For the 'Global Product Classification' test results refer additional #Note below.			P2
-	Note the test location described in the left side column of your report, and the corresponding test r achieved (listed in the far right side column)	result 'P' classification		P1 P0
•	From this interpretation guide, identify the most appropriately related location description describe (Part 1) or 'TABLE 3B' (Part 2) . Note the 'P' classification listed to the right of this description.	ed in either 'TABLE 3A'		
	If the test result classification listed meets (or exceeds) the related 'P' classification from 'TABLE 3A' surface is meeting the relevant requirement.	' or 'TABLE 3B', the test	t For t	est results that
	For 'Global Product Classification' test reports the 'TABLE 3A' or 'TABLE 3B' descriptions assist in ide suitability for various applications.	entifying the product's	Whil	e ISTS is solely a
	NATIONAL CONSTRUCTION CODE COMPLIANCE CLASSIFICA	TIONS	Cle	eaning proced
* TABI	NATIONAL CONSTRUCTION CODE COMPLIANCE CLASSIFICA	TIONS		Acid etching
	LE 3A Minimum wet pendulum test result classifications to meet	Classification	Co	Acid etching atings and sea Surface textur
* TABI	LE 3A Minimum wet pendulum test result classifications to meet National Construction Code requirements.		Co Sur A	Acid etching atings and sea Surface textur face replacem n internet search
* TABI Stair Tre	LE 3A Minimum wet pendulum test result classifications to meet National Construction Code requirements. Location		Co Sur A	eaning procedu Acid etching atings and sea Surface textur face replacem n internet search mmends sourcing
* TABI Stair Tre 1. Stair t	LE 3A NATIONAL CONSTRUCTION CODE COMPLIANCE CLASSIFICA Minimum wet pendulum test result classifications to meet National Construction Code requirements. Location ads and Stairway Landings in Buildings - Covered by NCC Volumes 1 - 2	Classification	Co Sur A	Acid etching atings and sea Surface textur face replacem n internet search
* TABI Stair Tre 1. Stair t 2. Stair t	LE 3A NATIONAL CONSTRUCTION CODE COMPLIANCE CLASSIFICA Minimum wet pendulum test result classifications to meet National Construction Code requirements. Location ads and Stairway Landings in Buildings - Covered by NCC Volumes 1 - 2 treads and a stairway landing (when dry)	Classification P3	Co Sur A	Acid etching atings and sea Surface textur face replacem n internet search
* TABI Stair Tre 1. Stair t 2. Stair t Nosings	LE 3A NATIONAL CONSTRUCTION CODE COMPLIANCE CLASSIFICA Minimum wet pendulum test result classifications to meet National Construction Code requirements. Location ads and Stairway Landings in Buildings - Covered by NCC Volumes 1 - 2 treads and a stairway landing (when dry) treads and a stairway landing (when wet)	Classification P3	Co Sur A	Acid etching atings and sea Surface textur face replacem n internet search
* TABI Stair Tre 1. Stair t 2. Stair t Nosings 1. Dry st	LE 3A NATIONAL CONSTRUCTION CODE COMPLIANCE CLASSIFICA Minimum wet pendulum test result classifications to meet National Construction Code requirements. Location ads and Stairway Landings in Buildings - Covered by NCC Volumes 1 - 2 treads and a stairway landing (when dry) treads and a stairway landing (when wet) for Stair Treads and Landings in Buildings - Covered by NCC Volumes 1 - 2	Classification P3 P4	Co Sur A reco	Acid etching atings and sea Surface textur face replacem n internet search
* TABI Stair Tre 1. Stair t 2. Stair t Nosings 1. Dry st 2. Wet s	LE 3A NATIONAL CONSTRUCTION CODE COMPLIANCE CLASSIFICA Minimum wet pendulum test result classifications to meet National Construction Code requirements. Location ads and Stairway Landings in Buildings - Covered by NCC Volumes 1 - 2 treads and a stairway landing (when dry) treads and a stairway landing (when wet) for Stair Treads and Landings in Buildings - Covered by NCC Volumes 1 - 2 tair tread, a stair non-skid nosing strip and a stairway landing	Classification P3 P4 P3	Co Sur A recor Refe *Table	Acid etching atings and sea Surface textur face replacem n internet search mmends sourcin
* TABI Stair Tre 1. Stair t 2. Stair t Nosings 1. Dry st 2. Wet s Ramps ir	LE 3A Minimum wet pendulum test result classifications to meet National Construction Code requirements. Location ads and Stairway Landings in Buildings - Covered by NCC Volumes 1 - 2 treads and a stairway landing (when dry) treads and a stairway landing (when wet) for Stair Treads and Landings in Buildings - Covered by NCC Volumes 1 - 2 tair tread, a stair non-skid nosing strip and a stairway landing stair tread, a stair non-skid nosing strip and a stairway landing	Classification P3 P4 P3	Co Sur A record	Acid etching atings and sea Surface textur face replacem n internet search mmends sourcin
* TABI Stair Tre 1. Stair t 2. Stair t Nosings 1. Dry st 2. Wet s Ramps ir 1. Ramp	LE 3A NATIONAL CONSTRUCTION CODE COMPLIANCE CLASSIFICA Minimum wet pendulum test result classifications to meet National Construction Code requirements. Location ads and Stairway Landings in Buildings - Covered by NCC Volumes 1 - 2 treads and a stairway landing (when dry) treads and a stairway landing (when wet) for Stair Treads and Landings in Buildings - Covered by NCC Volumes 1 - 2 tair tread, a stair non-skid nosing strip and a stairway landing tread, a stair non-skid nosing strip and a stairway landing n Buildings - Covered by NCC Volumes 1 - 2	Classification P3 P4 P3 P4	Co Sur A record	Acid etching atings and sea Surface textur face replacem n internet search mmends sourcin
* TABI Stair Tre 1. Stair t 2. Stair t Nosings 1. Dry st 2. Wet s Ramps ir 1. Ramp 2. Ramp 3. Ramp	LE 3A NATIONAL CONSTRUCTION CODE COMPLIANCE CLASSIFICA Minimum wet pendulum test result classifications to meet National Construction Code requirements. Location ads and Stairway Landings in Buildings - Covered by NCC Volumes 1 - 2 treads and a stairway landing (when dry) treads and a stairway landing (when wet) for Stair Treads and Landings in Buildings - Covered by NCC Volumes 1 - 2 tair tread, a stair non-skid nosing strip and a stairway landing stair tread, a stair non-skid nosing strip and a stairway landing treads a stair non-skid nosing strip and a stairway landing tair tread, a stair non-skid nosing strip and a stairway landing treads a stair non-skid nosing strip and a stairway landing treads a stair non-skid nosing strip and a stairway landing treads a stair non-skid nosing strip and a stairway landing treads a stair non-skid nosing strip and a stairway landing treads a stair non-skid nosing strip and a stairway landing treads a stair non-skid nosing strip and a stairway landing treads a stair non-skid nosing strip and a stairway landing treads a stair non-skid nosing strip and a stairway landing treads a stair non-skid nosing strip and a stairway landing treads a stair non-skid nosing strip and a stairway landing treads a stair non-skid nosing strip and a stairway landing treads a stair non-skid nosing strip and a stairway landing treads a stair non-skid nosing strip and a stairway landing treads a stair non-skid nosing strip and a stairway landing treads a stairway landing (when dry)	Classification P3 P4 P3 P4 P3 P4	Co Sur A record	Acid etching atings and sea Surface textur face replacem n internet search mmends sourcin

*TABLE 2	Classification of Pedestrian Surface Materials according to the
	AS 4586-2013 wet pendulum test

	Pendulum* mean BPN		
CLASSIFICATION	Slider 96 (Four S rubber)	Slider 55 (TRL rubber)	
P5	>54	>44	
P4	45-54	40-44	
P3	35-44	35-39	
P2	25-34	20-34	
P1	12-24	< 20	
P0	<12	-	

#### TREATMENT OPTIONS

t achieve a result below recommendations, the following treatment options are available to increase slip resistance and Reduce Your Risk!

an audit service, following is a short list of common types of treatments we see our clients using to improve the slip resistance of various pedestrian surface materials.

Cleaning procedures	Minimising detergent residue build up or other contaminants.
Acid etching	Increasing surface texture.
<b>Coatings and sealers</b>	Surface coatings and penetrative types.
Surface texture	Coatings, etchants, sandblasting, shot blasting, etc.
Surface replacement	May be the most cost effective option in some instances.

ch for 'flooring treatments' will identify surface treatment professionals in your local area. ISTS ing a number of detailed proposals when considering treatments, outlining expected slip resistance improvements, visual changes, clean ability and life expectancy.

#### **ADDITIONAL NOTES & REFERENCES**

14 "Guide to the specification and testing of slip resistance of pedestrian surfaces" Standards

13 "Slip resistance classification of new pedestrian surface materials".

nb. The information provided is intended as a guide only, consult the referenced tions for further information in regards to measurement results and recommendations.



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WET TEST RESULTS INTERPRETATION GUIDE (Part 2)- OTHER APPLICATIONS...NON NCC (AUSTRALIAN STANDARD)- Appendix B

* TABLE 3B	ABLE 3B Minimum wet pendulum test result classifications for other applications where the NCC does not apply.			<b>*TABLE 2</b> Classification of Pedestrian Surface Materials according to the AS 4586-2013 wet pendulum test					
					Pendulum* mean BPN				
Location			Classification	Classification	Slider 96 (Four S rubber)	Slider 55 (TRL rubber)			
External Pavements and Ramps				Р5	>54	>44			
<b>1.</b> External ramps including sloping driveways, footpaths etc. steeper than 1 in 14 (4.1 <sup>0</sup> )			Р5	P4	45-54	40-44			
<b>2.</b> External ramps including sloping driveways, footpaths, etc., under 1:14 (4.1 <sup>0</sup> ), external sales areas			P4	Р3	35-39				
(eg. markets), ext	ernal car park areas, external colonnades, walkways, pedestrian crossings,			P2	P2 25-34				
balconies, verand	as, carports, driveways, courtyards and roof decks			P1	12-24	< 20			
3. Undercover car pa	arks		P3	PO	<12	-			
Hotels, Offices,	Public Buildings, Schools and Kindergartens								
1. Entries and access	s areas including	Wet area	P3	P1 (see Note 3)					
hotels, offices, pu	blic buildings, schools, kindergartens, Transi	itional area	P2						
internal lift lobbie	es and common areas of public buildings	Dry area	P1 (see Note 3)	Note 3.					
2. Toilet facilities in o	offices, hotels and shopping centres		Р3	Note 3.					
3. Hotel apartment bathrooms, ensuites and toilets			P2	The minimum classification listed in Table 3B is P1. It is inappropriate for Table 3B to list the lower					
4. Hotel apartment kitchens and laundries			P2	classification, PO, since there is no lower limit on Classification PO.					
Loading Docks,	Commercial Kitchens, Cold Stores, Serving Areas								
1. Loading docks under cover and commercial kitchens			Р5	Notwithstanding, some smooth and polished floor surfaces, which do not achieve Classification P1, may be					
2. Serving areas behind bars in public hotels and clubs, cold stores and freezers			P4	considered to provide a safe walking environment for normal pedestrians walking at a moderate pace, provided the surface is kept clean and dry; however, should these surfaces become contaminated by either					
Supermarkets a	and Shopping Centres					,			
1. Fast food outlets, buffet food servery areas, food courts and fast food dining areas in shopping centres			P3	wet or dry materials, or be used by pedestrians in any other manner, then they may become unsafe. Therefore, the type of maintenance, the in-service inspection of floors, other environmental conditions and					
2. Shop and supermarket fresh fruit and vegetables area			Р3	use should be taken into account when selecting such products.					
3. Shop entry areas v	with external entrances		Р3						
4. Supermarket aisle	es (except fresh food areas)		P1 (see Note 3)						
5. Other separate sh	ops inside shopping centres - wet		Р3						
6. Other separate shops inside shopping centres - dry			P1 (see Note 3)	3) ADDITIONAL NOTES & REFERENCES					
Swimming Pool	s and Sporting Facilities								
1. Swimming pool ra	mps and stairs leading to water		P5	References					
2. Swimming pool surrounds and communal shower rooms			P4	*Table 3B- HB198:2014 "Guide to the sp	*Table 3B- HB198:2014 "Guide to the specification and testing of slip resistance of pedestrian surfaces" Standards				
3. Communal changi	ing rooms		Р3	Australia Limited 2014.					
4. Undercover concourse areas of sports stadiums			Р3	*Table 2- AS 4586-2013 "Slip resistance classification of new pedestrian surface materials".					
Hospitals and A	ged Care Facilities			]]					
1. Bathrooms and ensuites in hospitals and aged care facilities			Р3	nb. The information provided is intended as a guide only, consult the referenced publications for further information in regards to measurement results and recommendations.					
GrnWards1amdeGBI6idetaten hospitabaad aged care facilities			P2						



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DRY TEST RESULTS INTERPRETATION GUIDE (AUSTRALIAN STANDARD)- Appendix C

INTERPRETING DRY TEST RESULTS			*TABLE 3 Classification of Pedestrian Surface Materials according to the AS 4586-2013 dry floor friction test			
How to	interpret your dry test report			713 1300 2013 ury		
	Dry test results offer two possible outcomes- classification 'D0' or classification 'D1'.		Classification Result		Test Result Mean Value	
	The classification 'D0' reflects a less slip resistant surface, while the recommended 'D1' classification reflects a greater slip		(AS 4586-201	3)	(COF)	
	resistant surface.		D1		≥ 0.40	
Step 1.	Note the test location described in the left side column of your report, and the corresponding test result classification achieved (listed in the far right side column).		D0		< 0.40	
Step 2.	If the test result classification listed is 'D1', the test surface is meeting the relevant recommendations.			TREATMEN	T OPTIONS	
					dations, the following treatment options	
	FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS		to	increase slip resistance	e and Reduce Your Risk!	
			While ISTS is solely an audit service,	following is a short list o	of common types of treatments we see our c	
<i>1.</i> The	mean test average is ≥0.40, however the result is 'D0' classification ?		improve th	e slip resistance of vario	us pedestrian surface materials	
<ul> <li>A. The mean of the test results should be equal to or greater than 0.40 and each individual result should be equal to or great than 0.35. If either of this criteria is not met, the lot shall be considered to be 'D0' classification.</li> <li><b>2. What does * and ** mean?</b></li> <li>A. * Indicates part of a test run registered under 0.40.</li> <li>** Indicates part of a test run registered less than 0.35 resulting in a compulsory 'D0' classification.</li> </ul>		r	Cleaning procedures	Minimising detergent	t residue build up or other contaminar	
				Increasing surface tex	·	
			-	Surface coatings and		
			Surface texture	Coatings, etchants, sa	andblasting, shot blasting, etc.	
			Surface replacement	May be the most cost	t effective option in some instances.	
3. Why are test results rounded to the nearest 0.05?			An internet search for 'flooring treatments' will identify surface treatment professionals in your loc			
A. As described in the relevant standards, the mean result of Test 1 & Test 2 is rounded to nearest 0.05.			recommends sourcing a number of detailed proposals when considering treatments, outlining expected a improvements, visual changes, clean ability and life expectancy.			
4. Wha	What is the classification requirement for particular locations as stated in publication #HB198:2014?					
А.	The Australian testing standards provide classification criteria for dry test results. Handbook HB198 does not provide interpretation of dry test results.	е				
5. How	about dry testing for external areas?			ADDITIONAL NOTI	ES & REFERENCES	
А.	Dry slip resistance measurement does not apply to external surfaces. If a pedestrian surface is likely to become wet and remain wet for any significant period of time, wet pendulum testing is the appropriate test method.	d	References			
6. How do I improve the slip resistance of a surface currently achieving 'D0' classification?			*Table 3- AS 4586-2013 "Slip resista	nce classification of new	pedestrian surface materials".	
А.	Many treatments and procedures are available to improve slip resistance. Treatment options will vary depending on the	1	#HB198:2014 "Guide to the specifica	ation and testing of slip r	esistance of pedestrian surfaces".	
type of surface and whether a sealed or unsealed finish is required. Described on the right are a list of options to im slip resistance and Reduce Your Risk!			-	•	as a guide only, consult the referenced o measurement results and recommendation	

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Classification Result	Test Result Mean Value				
(AS 4586-2013)	(COF)				
D1	≥ 0.40				
D0	< 0.40				

#### ATMENT OPTIONS

commendations, the following treatment options are available resistance and Reduce Your Risk!

short list of common types of treatments we see our clients using to nce of various pedestrian surface materials...

Cleaning procedures	Minimising detergent residue build up or other contaminants.
Acid etching	Increasing surface texture.
<b>Coatings and sealers</b>	Surface coatings and penetrative types.
Surface texture	Coatings, etchants, sandblasting, shot blasting, etc.
Surface replacement	May be the most cost effective option in some instances.

ill identify surface treatment professionals in your local area. ISTS osals when considering treatments, outlining expected slip resistance changes, clean ability and life expectancy.

#### AL NOTES & REFERENCES